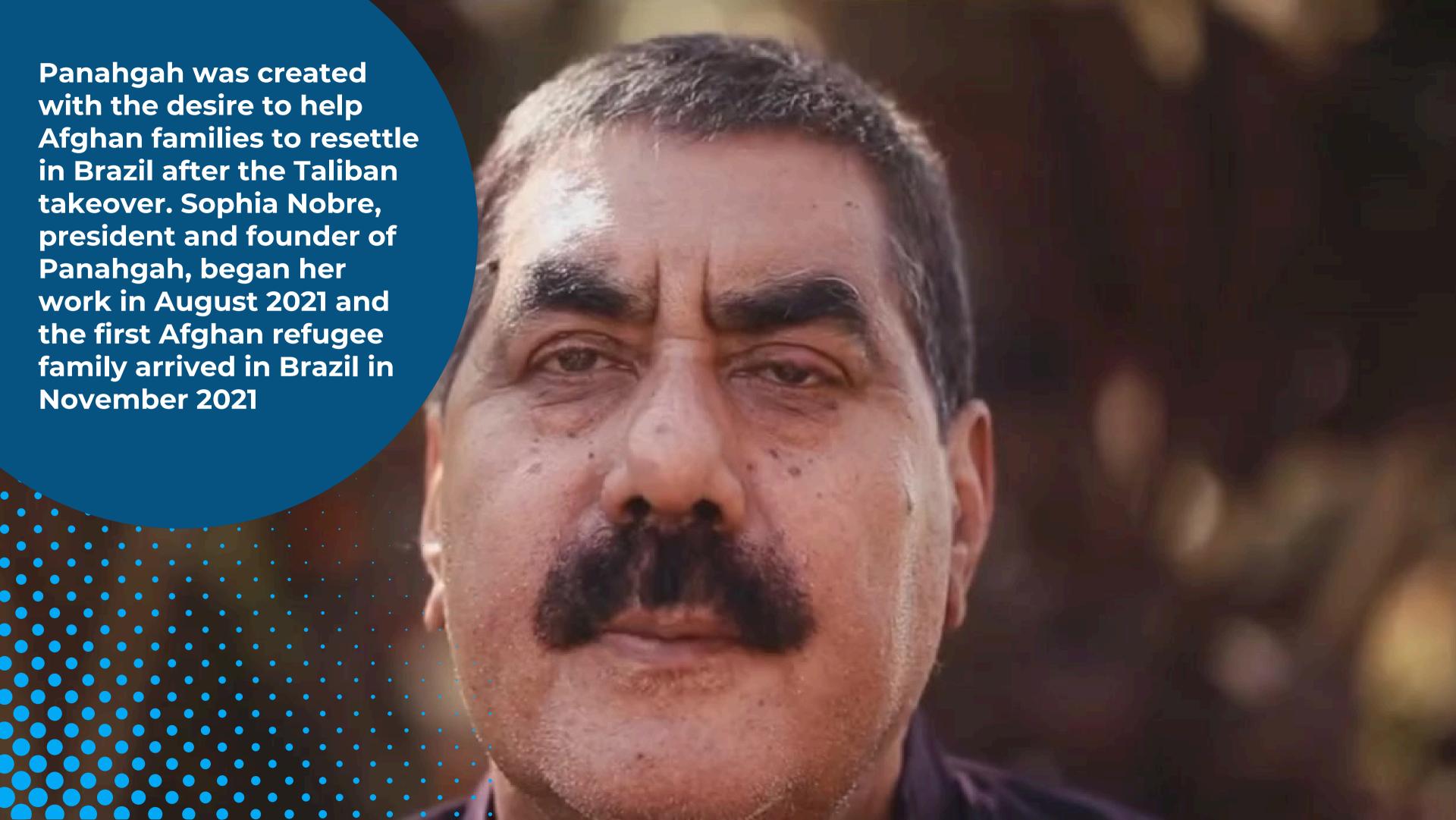
Getting to know the NGO







PANAHGAH'S MISSION







Panahgah - which means "safe shelter" in Persian - is a Brazilian NGO whose mission is to give vulnerable, persecuted and stateless populations a chance to a new life. The NGO has been helping to accommodate refugee families in different Brazilian cities with the support of civil society, local populations, municipalities, and universities. Headquartered in Jundiaí, São Paulo, Panahgah has a wide network of partners and affiliates in several Brazilian states and cities:

PANAHGAH'S WORK



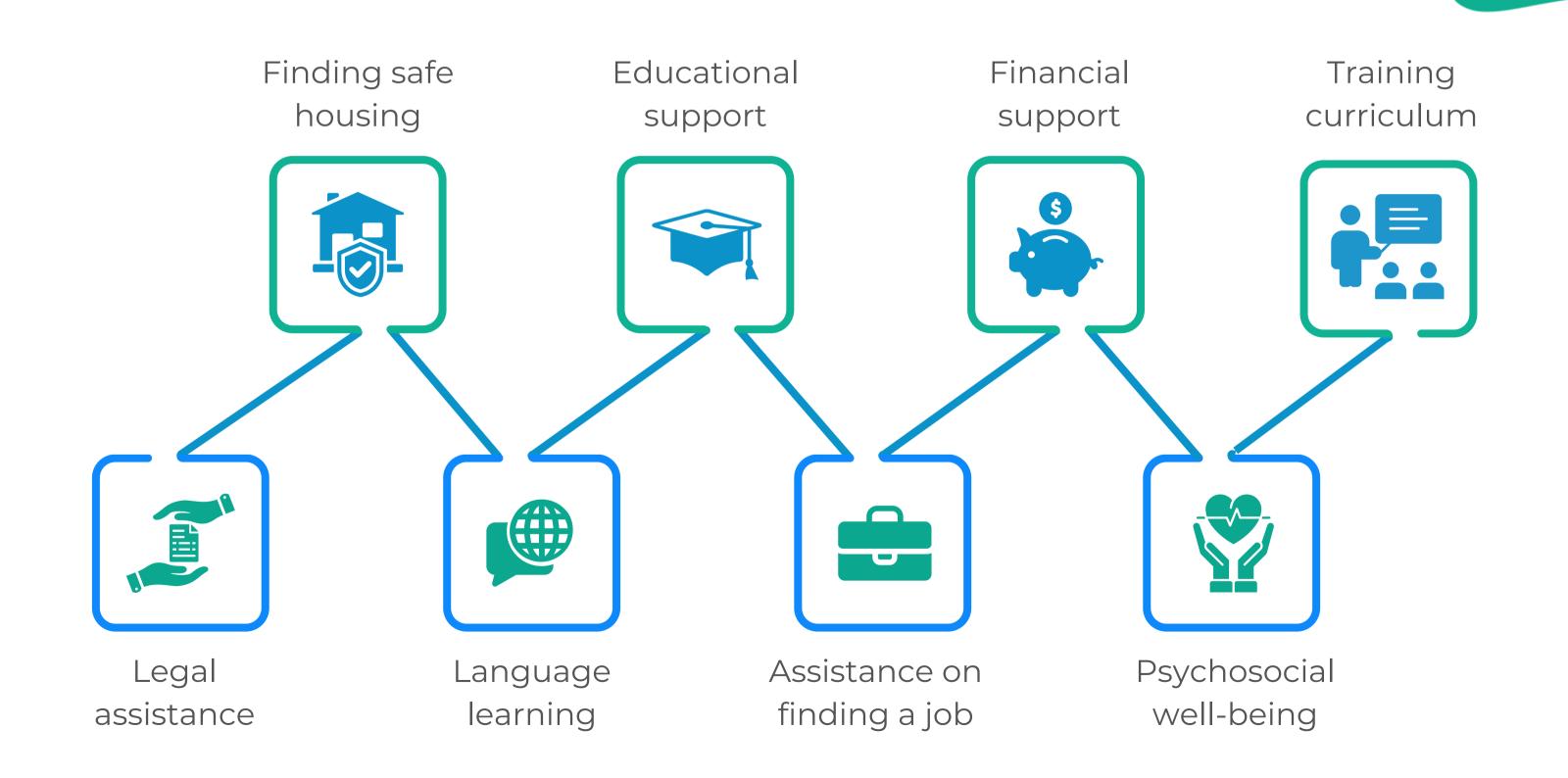
PANAHGAH'S WORK





PANAHGAH'S WORK





OUR NUMBERS



NUMBER OF PEOPLE WELCOMED AS OF APRIL 2024





People welcomed





Women





Men





Children (0-12)





Families



RESETTLEMENT CITIES AS OF APRIL 2024



Once the welcoming period is completed, migrant families are relocated to different cities according to their profile. The following **25** cities have been identified as good resettlement locations:



OUR TEAM



OUR TEAM



The Panagah team is made of a small group of contracted supporters, Brazilians and migrants, and a large number of volunteers. They work to receive, welcome and resettle migrants in Brazil. Because they have direct interaction with our beneficiaries, they are the first ones to detect the signs of mental health or substance dependency requiring specialised mental health support. Panahgah is also committed to provide specialized training to its Volunteer workforce.





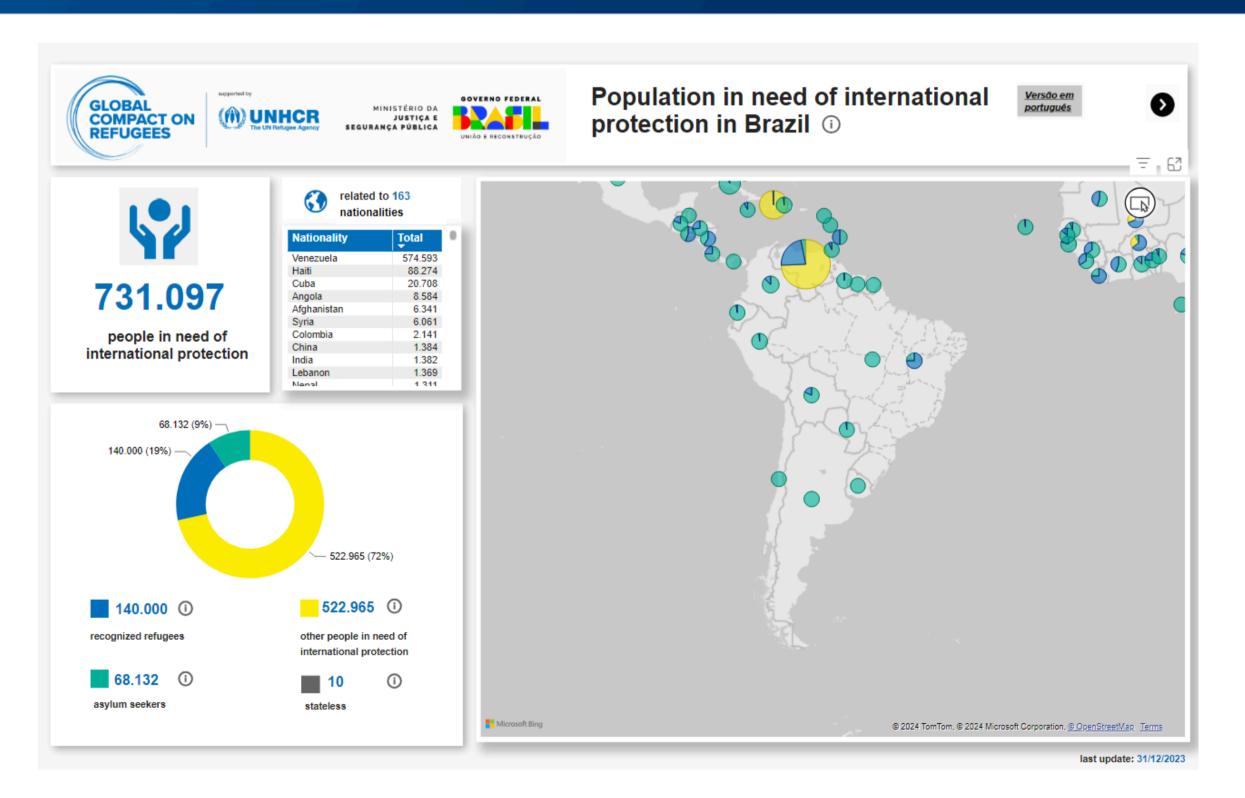


PANAHGAH'S MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM



REFUGEE FLOWS IN BRAZIL







Nationality	Total ▼
Venezuela	574.593
Haiti	88.274
Cuba	20.708
Angola	8.584
Afghanistan	6.341
Syria	6.061
Colombia	2.141
China	1.384
India	1.382
Lebanon	1.369
Nonal	1 211

Biggest migration flows - Dec. 2023



MIGRANTS & SUBSTANCE MISUSE





In December 2023, there were **731,097 people** in recognized condition of **need of international protection in Brazil**. The main countries of origin were **Venezuela, Haiti, Cuba, Angola and Afghanistan.**

According to UNICEF, the migration process is a significant source of stress, which can have a **detrimental impact on individuals' mental health** and cognitive performance, that can be aggravated by the use of uncontrolled substances. **Children and adolescents** are especially susceptible to these effects and the risks of easy access to illegal and uncontrolled substances.

In Brazil, the social and economic vulnerability of migrants creates an environment of **susceptibility to being lured into drug trafficking** and/or substance use disorder (SUD). This tendency is heightened in areas where drug cartels are stronger, such as the border with Venezuela.



THE CICLE





Mental health issues emerge

Substance misuse starts as a means to dissociate from reality

THE CICLE



66

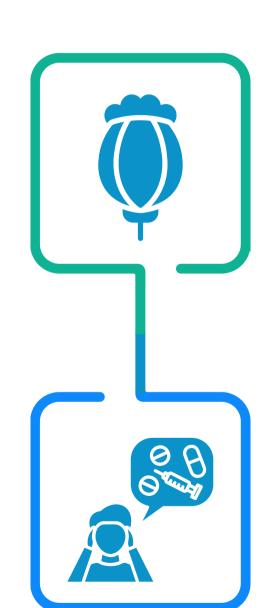
Preventing and treating drug use disorders among displaced persons have become more challenging. Moreover, forcibly displaced populations are among the marginalized groups that suffer physical and psychological trauma and elevated levels of socioeconomic vulnerability, increasing the risk of developing mental health and substance use disorders.

<u>Special Points of Interest (WDR2023) - UNODC</u>



MIGRANTS & SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER





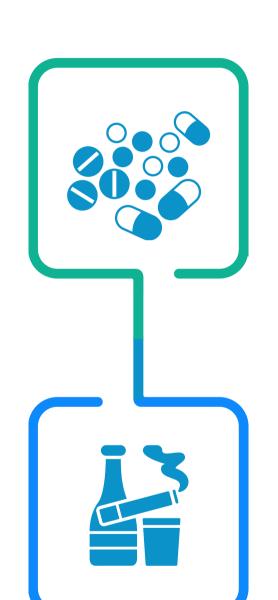
Afghanistan - As stated by the 2023 UNODC World Report, Afghanistan was responsible for more than 80% of the world's opium production. Approximately four million Afghans, out of 37 million, suffer from substance use disorder. These are people with extreme and widespread vulnerability.

Venezuela - According to InfoAmazonia, 40% of the members of the PCC - Transnational Organized Crime (TOC) organization based in Brazil - in Roraima were Venezuelans. The lack of economic and social integration of these people at the northern border and the long waiting periods to obtain legal immigration status make migrants vulnerable to TOCs and drug cartels.



WHAT WE HAVE SEEN





A 23-year-old man's involvement with a drug trafficker and potentially dangerous people. The young man was advised by our cultural mediators about the use and sale of illegal substances and the possibility of imprisonment for illegal drug possession in Brazil. The family was resettled in another city and is doing well.

Five young single men who resided together in an apartment. The NGO received regular reports from neighbors about the strong smell of marijuana, alcohol, and the frequent presence of women in the area. The young men were informed by our cultural mediators about the use and possession of illegal substances in Brazil and the potential consequences of such actions, including imprisonment. After a few months, the young people illegally immigrated to another country.



WHAT WE HAVE SEEN





The abandonment of seven children by their parents and caregivers that resulted in the development of mental health issues, including substance misuse and dependency issues in young children



An elderly woman with a history of anxiety, insomnia, and difficulty adapting to the new reality who refused to leave the house and expressed a desire to return to Afghanistan



A family man with a history of anxiety, panic, insomnia, relationship issues with those around him, and persecution mania



MENTAL HEALTH - OUR SOLUTION



Panahgah's objective is to provide migrants arriving in Brazil with access to existing healthcare services. To achieve this goal, it has implemented a training plan for its staff and volunteers to identify cases requiring specialised care and to train Brazilian professionals and cultural mediators. This will enable them to work together for the benefit of this vulnerable population.











THE TRAINING CURRICULUM



The Training Curriculum program is a Panahgah initiative in partnership with CEMI - Centre for International Migration Studies at the University of Campinas- (IFCH/Unicamp), to prepare NGOs, municipalities and its staff to provide emotional, psychological and cultural support to refugee families. In cooperation with psychologists, anthropologists and other academic professionals, Panahgah is equipped with the necessary knowledge to provide adequate assistance to migrants.

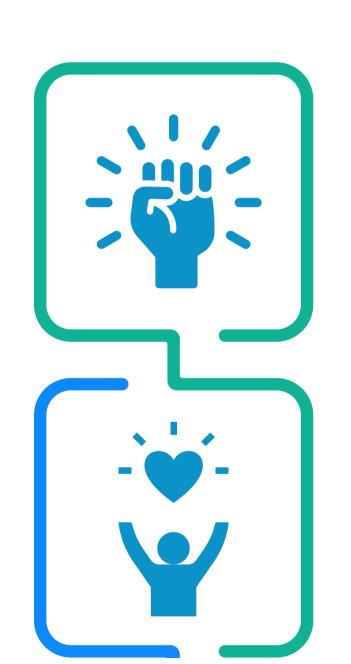




Mental Health training with psychologist Kamila Moratti

OUR GOALS





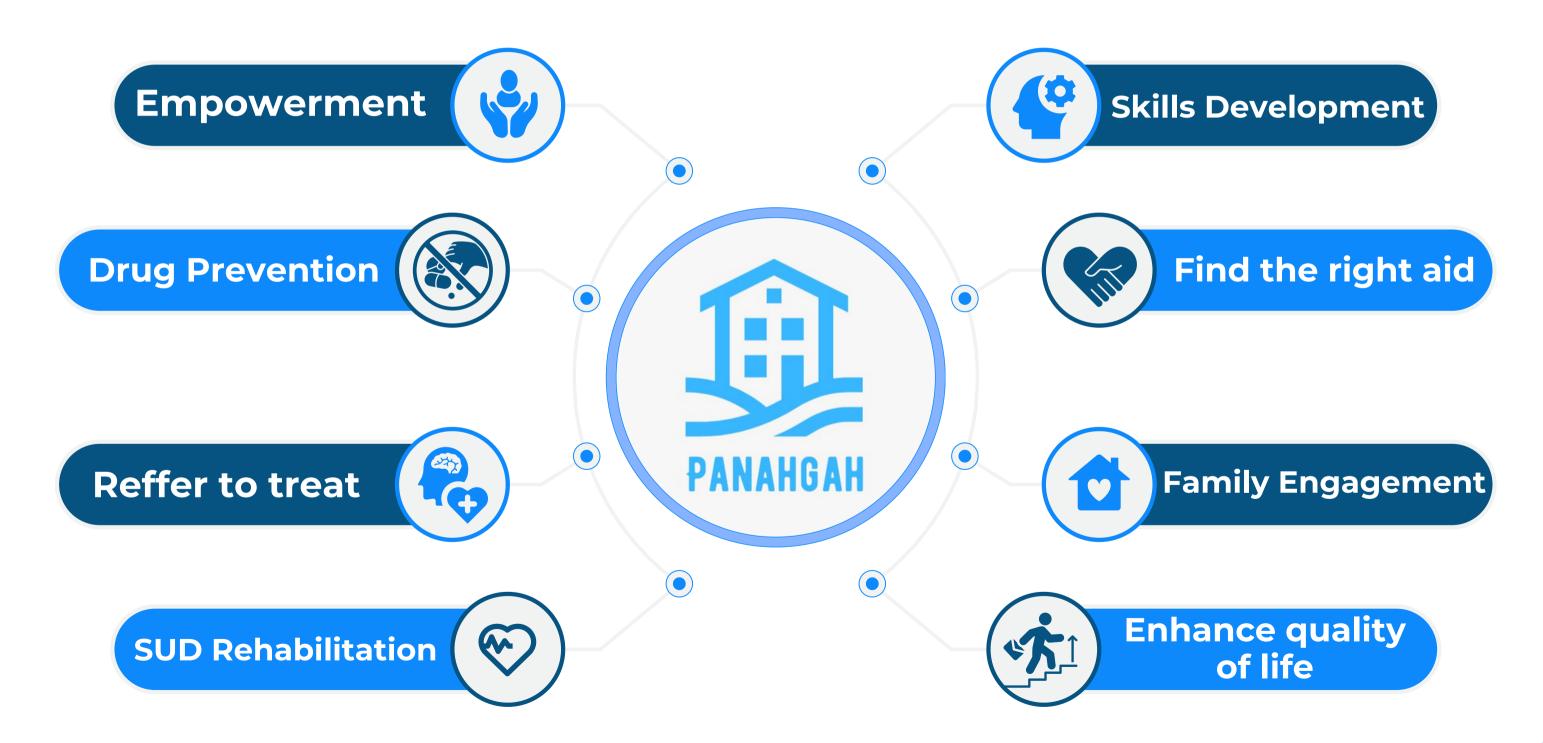
Ensuring the mental and emotional empowerment of refugees in Brazil through welcoming, guidance, and health counseling to resettle this population into the Brazilian society with quality of life, independence, and dignity

Promoting health and quality of life for the migrant population, including substance abuse disorder prevention, prioritizing adolescents and youth through professional orientation so that they feel safe and motivated to pursue new opportunities in their lives



OUR GUIDING PRINCIPLES







OUR METHODOLOGY



The training curriculum developed and used by Panahgah was created in collaboration with psychologists, anthropologists, and other professionals with expertise in the field

Training mental health
professionals to counsel
migrants (cultural mediators)
and refer cases to the
municipality's public health
system

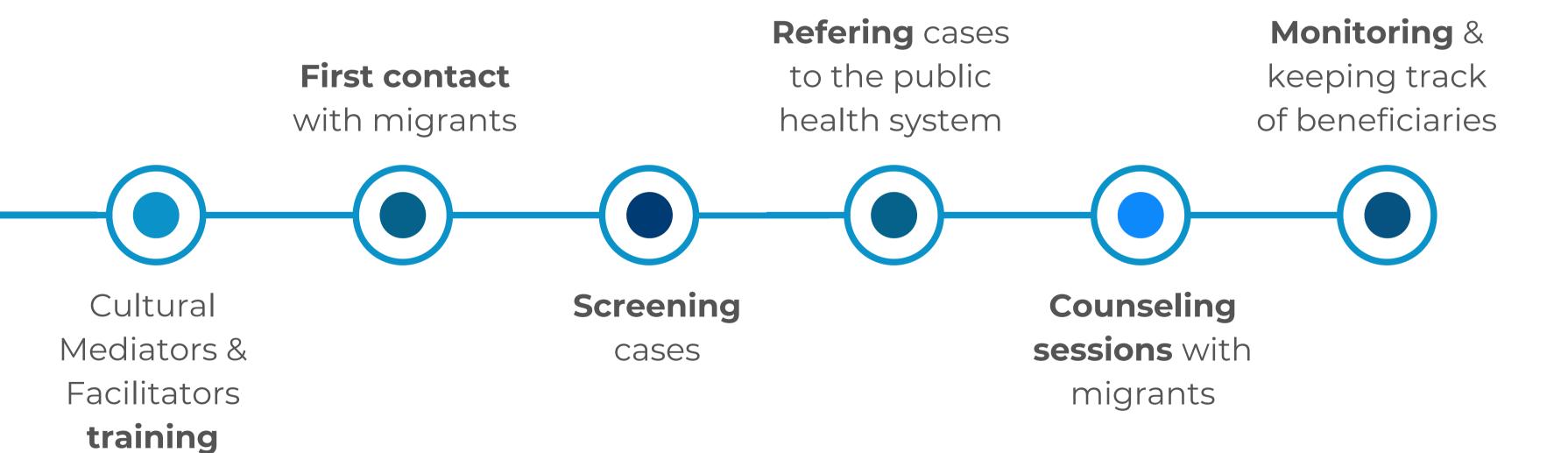
Training Panahgah's team of cultural mediators on how to work with migrants who are dealing with mental health issues and/or substance misuse

Promote counseling sessions & comprehensive support to migrants who seek mental health care



PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION STEPS

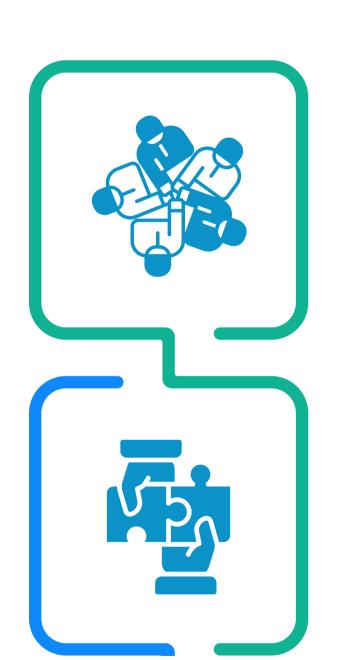






NEXT STEPS





Expand the scope of the Mental Health project to encompass other institutions, civil society organizations, and companies.

Partner with the government to integrate the Mental Health project into the unified health system (SUS).



EXPLORING ADDITIONAL PANAHGAH INITIATIVES







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